File No. 787

Serial Nos. 1–1

1907.

(Police)

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 1 – 11

Part B. for January 1908

SUBJECT.

Administration Report of the Police Dep.t for the Year 1906–07.

Table of Contents.

From
The I.G. of Police No 2266/227 Dt/ 30.9.07
Submits the administration report of the Department for the year 1906–07.

To the Supdt. Govt. Press. No 1115 Dt/ 3.10.07
Forwards the report and the statements for being printed.

From
The I.G. of Police No 3843/346 Dt/ 6.12.07
State that he has asked [illegible] added a few

GPB—8,000—7-4-07

To the Supdt. Govt Press No J 1777 Dt 11.12.07
forwards the additions to be printed

To the I G of Police and the Dy Commrs of L G No J 1760-68 Dt 27.12.07
Reviews the Report.

To the Supdt. Govt. Press No J 1887 Dt 4.1.08
Requests that the Police Administration Report may be returned to be bound with the Review and to print 250 copies

From
The Manager, Govt. Press No C88 Dt 18.1.08
forwards 246 copies of the Report with Review
States that 6 copies have been sent to the I. G. of P

3. To
The I. G Office No J 2211 Dt 22.1.08
Forwards 144 copies of the Report in addition to the 6 copies sent by the Press.

4. To the J. A. Resident No PR 573 Dt 22.1.08
forwards 6 copies of the Report

5 To the Chief Secretary, Govt of Bengal No J 2212 Dt 22.1
forwards a copy of the Report.

To the Chief Secretary, Madras Govt, & the Secretary
the Chief Commr, Central Provinces
Nos J 2213 & J 2214 Dt 22.1.0

G.R.S. 11] 1907.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

(Police)

NOTES.

File. No. 78 707

FILE HEADING.

Administration Report of the Police Dept for the year 1906-07.

From

The I. G. of Police in Mysore

No. 2266/227 Dated 30.9.07 Received 2.10.07

Diary No. 1934 | Enclos. Statements A, B, C & Appendices IV & VII Spare Copies. | — | Serial No. 1

BRIEF ABSTRACT OF LETTER.

Submits the Administration Report of the Police Dept. for the year 1906-07.

NOTES AND ORDERS.

1 Subd. Three copies of the Report, 4 copies of the Statements and two copies of the Appendices to the Ad Administration Report have been duly forwarded. One copy of the Re

Serial No.

and one set of the Statements will be sent to Press for being printed and kept ready for being bound with the review. And copy of the Report and the other set of Statements will be kept in this file for preparing the review. The 3rd copy of the Report will be kept in the office for preparing the Section required for the State Administration Report. The Appendices will be subd. separately. A draft forwarding a copy of the Report and the Statements to the Press is put up. After its issue the file will be resubd. for review.

B.G. 2-10-07 SW 2/10/07

2 Issue 2.10.07 JMW

/2 To the Supdt. Govt. Press no. J.1115 Dt/ 3-10-07 forwards the Report and the Statements A to G for being printed.

3. Resubd. with a draft review.

B.G. 25-10-07 SW

Three I am preparing the review of the Reports 30/10/07

GPB—50,000—17-3-07

Serial No.

4 Submitted with a revised draft revised.
HCS 8.11.07.

NS 8/11/07 5 Submitted to the Secy.
8 11 07.

6 2nd Cr

VB 19/11

7 Draft approved - (Council matter)

8 Put up typed Draft VB/11/07

9 Typed draft subd as directed.
SW 28-11-07

10 Submitted to the 1st Cr.
28.11.07

11 1. The Draft may be approved.

12 2 The Report is uncommonly interesting - What is said about Rajavenkatacharya at page 17 may be objected to as defamatory. As the Report will be published it may be desirable to revise this part of the Report.

clerk

* Flag D.

The portions marked in brackets on p. 17 may perhaps be omitted.

13 Devan 30/11

30/11

GPB—50,000—17-3-0.

Submitted to His Highness.

15 The draft review of the Administration Report of the Police Department for the year 1906-07 may be approved.

1/12/1907

Record of Cases submitted for the Orders of His Highness the Maharaja.

Subject.

4/17 2/12/07

Administration Report of the Police Department for 1906-07, with draft review.

427

408/9-12-07

Order.

16 Approved

~~KRW~~

6/12/07

8/12/1907

17 Issued 9/12

10.12.

erial No.

18 In the meanwhile another letter has been received from the I.G. making some additions to the Report.

3 From The I.G. of Police in Mysore 3843/345 dt 6.12.07 States that he has added a paragraph and a statement to the Report and requests that the same may be embodied in the Report.

19 The I.G. has added another para to the Summary given at the end of the Report and has furnished an Appendix B. Subd. with a draft forwarding the additions to the Supdt. Govt. Press the Review may perhaps issue after the issue of this draft.

B.G. 10.12.07 SW 10/12/07 To Issue and submit to the 2nd Cr. per Bernard 10.12.07. JMM

21 Resubd. with a draft D.O. as personally instructed.

B.G. 10.12.07 SW 10/12/07 Secy) 10.12.07 JMM

22 Issue CB 10/12

Note.—Contin. sheet.

GPB—50,000—17-3-07

V. Urge

Draft do.

No J. 1764
police

Bangalore
the 10th December 190,

(My dear Sir)

I am desired to say that para 3 ~~The language referring to~~ in your addl. report referring to Raja Venkatasubbiah ~~on page 178~~ ~~the Police administration Report for~~ 1906-07 ~~in the matter of improvement~~ appears to be objectionable as being defamatory, & requiring to be somewhat modified. ~~As the administration Report is to be published~~ has ~~shortly~~ it is thought desirable It will perhaps do to omit certain words and to rewrite the paragraph in question as follows:—

"In connection with this case a Konati merchant of the Bangalore City was convicted by the Dt. Magte under section 411, Indian Penal Code. His arrest and conviction was a decided score

H

if Court he was acquitted."

I hope you will kindly have ~~the~~ ~~objection to the above~~ the copies ~~of the above~~ of the ~~Variation~~ modification. report altered accordingly in communic ~~on hearing from you the~~ ~~necessary instructions will be~~ with the Supdt-for ~~in the~~ Prov.

Yours Sincerely

~~Asst~~ Secretary

B.G. SW 10.12.07 W/12/07

To

F.E.C. Carr Esqr.

D.G. of Police

Copy W/12/07 Engd SW W/12/07

Serial No. 4

To
The Supdt. Govt. Press. no. J 1777 dt 11.12.07
forwards the additions to be printed.

Br'll Police
Bangalore
11/12 File sent 11.12.07

J 1528

Dec: 1907

Dear Sir,

In your D.O. No J. 1764 Police-dt 9th inst. I am directed to say that the paragraphs of my Administration Report-proof sent to you have been already corrected as suggested by you, before being

The file is resubd to the 2nd. Councillor before issuing the revise as instructed by the Asst. Secy.

B.G.
12.12.07

G P S—No. 1000—18-4-07

G. R. S. 12]
General and Revenue Secretariat.

Police File No. 78 of 190)

Serial No.	
	28 Submitted for perusal of the additional para added to the report by Mr. Carr and of the additional statement. 2nd Cr) 12.12.07.
	29 may be inserted. 13/12/07
	30 The review may be issued 14.12.07
5	To The I.G. of Police and the Dy. Comrs. no. J1940-48 D/27.12.07 Review the Report.
	31 Subd. with a draft to the Supdt., Govt. Press, calling for the prescribed no. of copies of the Report. B.G. 30.12.07 30/12/07
	32 Issue 30.12.07
6	To The Supdt. Govt. Press no. J1987 D/4.1.08 Requests that the Police Administration Report may be caused to be bound with the review and calls for the prescribed no. of copies, viz, 250.
7	From The ~~Supdt.~~ Manager Govt. Press no. 688 D/18.1.08. Forwards 244 copies of the Report with Review & states 6 copies have been sent to the I.G. of Police

NOTE—Contn sheet.

GPB—50 000—17-3-07

C. P. S. 12]
General and Revenue Secretariat.

Police File No. 78 of 1907-08

Serial No.

33 Subo. with 4 drafts forwarding copies of the Report as per list below:-

H.G. of Police 146 copies
The F.A. Resident 6 copies
Govt. of Bengal 1 Copy
Govt. of Madras 1 copy
Govt. of the C. Provinces 1 Copy
Govt. of E. Bengal & Assam 2 copies.

B.G. SN 20.1.08 20/1/08

Issue.

34 Acknowledge to the Press the receipt of the copies.

20.1.08. MW

Mr Nelson

H Pol 21/1/08

H Police 21/1/08

8 To The I.G. of Police no. J 2211 D/ 22.1.08
Forward 144 copies of the Report in addition to the 6 copies sent by the Press

9 To The F.A. Resident no. Pol 593 D/22.1.08
Forward 6 copies of the Report

10 To The Chief Secy, Govt. of Bengal no. J 2212 D/ 22.1.08
Forward a copy of the above Report

To The Chief Secy., Madras Govt. & the Secy to the Chief Comm. Central Provinces nos J 2213 & J 2214 D/ 22.1.08.
Same as above.

NOTE—Contn sheet.

GPE—60 600—17-3-07

G R. S. 12]

neral and Revenue Secretariat.

Police File No. 78 of 190 7-08

Serial No. 11

To

The Secy. to Govt. of Eastern Bengal & Assam

in the Genl & Judicial Dept.

No. J 2215 dt 22.1.08.

Forwards two copies of the Report.

Seen
16/1
20/1/08

Secy
Gen
Mead

—Contn sheet.

GPB—

File no 78
Sl no 1

J 93/.

No: 2266/227

With 2 spare copies and 2 sets of Statements A to G and Appendices IV, V, VI & VII.

Office of the
Inspector General of Police in Mysore.
Dated Bangalore, 30 September 1907.

From,

F. E. C. Carr Esquire,
Inspector General of Police
in Mysore.

To,

C. S. Balasundaram Iyer Esquire, B.A.,
Offg. Secretary to the Government
of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward herewith the Administration Report of the Police Department for the official year 1906-07 together with the prescribed statements.

I was in charge of the Department throughout the year, excepting from the 6th to the 28th October 1906, when I was on privilege leave. Mr. H. H. Sparkes officiated while I was absent.

Mr. Nadig Subba Rao was my Assistant at Head Quarters during the year.

Appendix A shows the officers who were in charge of Districts during the year.

2. This report is divided into two parts as hitherto:-

Part I. Crime and Police action.
Part II. General Administration.

Part I. Crime.

3. Statement A. Part III - Reported Crime.

The reported crime during the year under report, compared with that of 5 preceding years, and the average of ten years previous is given below:-

Average for 10 years from 1892 to 1901-02	5,904
1902- 1903	6,009
1903- 1904	5,128
1904- 1905	5,547
1905- 1906	6,091
1906- 1907	5,520

There is a very satisfactory decrease of 571 cases.

The increase and decrease Districtwar is shewn below:-

District	Increase	Decrease.
Bangalore.	33	
Kolar		51
Tumkur		46
Mysore		52
French Rocks		34
Hassan		60
Shimoga		165
Kadur		122
Chitaldrug		14
Kolar Gold Fields		137
Bangalore City	32	
Mysore City	37	
Railway Police	8	
Total	110	681
Net Decrease.	"	571

The decreases were under every class except class IV:-

Description of Crime.	Number reported in 1905-06	Number reported in 1906-07	Decrease.
ces against the State, Public Tranquility and Justice	89	86	3
us Offences against the person	554	510	44
us Offences against the person or property or against property only	1585	1410	175
-or Offences against the person	84	94	+ 10
or Offences against property	3174	2841	333
v Offences not specified above.	605	579	26
Total	6,091	5,520	571

Precedence list of districts, showing results of police work in cognizable crime under columns I to VI (vide Statement A III.)

Relative position (Col: 7)		The districts (Col: 1 + Cases transferred)	Cases investigated by the Police (Col: 11 - Cases withdrawn)		Cases ending in conviction		Cases decided		Percentage of cases convicted to cases decided		Percentage of persons convicted to persons sent up for trial. Statement C.		Relative position as regards results in the preceding year of the district.	
1905-06	1906-07		1905-06	1906-07	1905-06	1906-07	1905-06	1906-07	1905-06	1906-07	1905-06	1906-07	1905-06	1906-07
1	1	Districts Tumkur	448	492	259	251	328	317	78.9	79.1	57.3	32.5	2	8
6	2	Kolar	310.	290	120	126	170	162	70.6	77.7	30	62.8	8	1
2	3	Chitaldrug	352	550	163	187	207	249	78.7	75.1	27.6	46.8	9	3
3	4	Kolar goldfields	854	681	343	290	439	396	78.1	73.2	37.5	35.4	6	6
5	5	French Rocks	293	253	116	95	156	130	74.3	73.07	59.4	28.8	1	10
8	6	Hassan	507	501	155	157	230	221	67.4	71.04	33	50.4	7	2
4	7	Bangalore	457	502	183	207	236	293	77.5	70.6	45.5	39.3	4	5
10	8	Mysore	589	537	223	218	359	341	62.1	63.9	46.3	32.8	3	7
7	9	Kadur	478	373	154	103	224	162	68.7	63.5	40.4	45	5	4
9	10	Shimoga.	544	490	166	131	259	231	64.1	56.7	24.3	29.4	10	9
		Cities												
1	1	Bangalore city	563	477	388	349	405	386	95.8	90.4	50.6	18.2	1	3
2	2	Mysore city	167	218	80	101	96	126	83.3	80.1	29.4	40.1	2	2
3	3	Railway Police	17	22	5	11	7	14	71.4	78.5	2.9	61.7	3	1
		Total	5579	5386	2355	2226	3116	3028	75.5	73.5	38.3	35.6		

DISTRICTWAR STATEMENT OF COGNIZABLE OFFENCES. The subjoined statement shows how cognizable crime was dealt with by each District in order of merit:-

Tumkur maintains its position in detection at the top of the list. Kolar which was the 6th last year has come up to 2nd place. Hassan and Mysore have shown slight improvement, while Bangalore, Kadur and Shimoga Districts show a downward

tendency

tendency. The remaining Districts have more or less kept their old places, Shimoga being by far the worst.

The percentage of detection in Bangalore City continued satisfactory.

In the matter of the recovery of property, French Rocks, Tumkur, and Mysore show poor results. Kolar, Hassan and Chitaldroog have improved. The percentage of property recovered is poor in the Bangalore City, which is explained as being due to the non-recovery of property in a case of criminal breach of trust in the Bangalore Central College, where ₹9500/- in cash was misappropriated, and very little recovered: and also to the small amount of property recovered in a theft case reported from the Medical Stores, in which property to the extent of ₹4500/- was stolen. Both of these cases, however, were well handled by the Police, and ended in conviction.

OFFENCES UNDER THE PENAL CODE. In classes I to V, which represent offences under the Indian Penal Code, the figures are 4941 against 5486 of the previous year, showing a satisfactory decrease of 545 cases.

COGNIZABLE CRIME REPORTED AND PENDING. During the year under report 5218 cases were reported and 302 cases were taken up "Suo Motu" by the Police; against 5724 and 367 respectively in 1905-06. These added to the 3729 cases pending with the Police at the close of the previous year (including 975 cases reported to and pending with the Magistracy on B form) make a total of 9249 cognizable cases in all, handled by the Police during this year; against 9507 of last year. Of these, 35 were transferred to His Majesty's Territories, and the Mysore Military Department; and 158 cases were refused investigation under clause (b) section 157 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

CASES REFUSED INVESTIGATION. The following figures represent the number of cases refused investigation during the last

last five years, together with the average of the preceding 10 years:-

Year	Number reported	Number refused	Percentage
Average for 10 years from 1892 & 1901-02	5,904	774	13.1
1902-03	6,000	529	8.8
1903-04	5,128	429	8.3
1904-05	5,547	286	5.1
1905-06	6,091	194	3.1
1906-07	5,520	158	2.8

The steady decrease during the last 3 years, shows that the Police are not shirking their legitimate duties.

CASES INVESTIGATED. Exclusive of cases refused investigation and transferred, the Police had to investigate 9056 cases in the year.

B. FORM CASES. Of the above 9056 cases, 1472 were referred on B form by the Police, and struck off as false by Magistrates. In 28 cases Magistrates held regular inquiries, with the result that 13 ended in conviction, and 15 in acquittal or discharge.

C. FORM CASES (Undetectable). 794 old cases brought forward from previous years, were returned by the Police as undetectable; on which final orders were passed in only 373 by Magistrates.

PENDING CASES. 3670 cases were pending with the Police at the close of the year. This includes 1104 cases referred to Magistrates and pending with them on B. form. Deducting these, the number of cases actually pending with the Police, was only 2566.

TRUE CASES CHARGED AND ENDING IN CONVICTION. 3091 cases were sent up to Magistrates on A form, and 391 cases were under trial at the close of the previous year, making a total of 3482 true cases. Of these 2226 or 72 per cent, against 65 of last year, ended in conviction, and 802 in acquittal or discharge.

This

This is a decided improvement.

PERCENTAGE OF CONVICTIONS TO CASES DEALT WITH BY POLICE. The percentage of cases convicted to total dealt with by the Police, during the year, was 24·5 against 25·3; and of decided cases 73·5 against 75·5 of the previous year.

CLASS I.

4. OFFENCES AGAINST THE STATE. The total number under this class was 126, the same as last year. Of these the number reported as true was 115 against 113. 58 cases ended in conviction, giving a percentage of 80·5 against 80·6 of last year.

COINING CASES. The total number of coining cases taken up by the Police was 23 (including 1 pending case) against the same number last year. Two of these related to forged currency notes. 11 ended in conviction, 6 in acquittal or discharge, 2 struck off on B. form, 1 on C. form, 1 on A, and 2 on B. forms pending trial.

With the exception of the 4 cases dealt with below, all the rest were of no great importance.

(i) In Harihar the Inspector succeeded in laying his hands upon two coiners. 5 counterfeit Queen's coins of 1885 and 1887 were traced to one Shadaksharaiya. His house and that of his accomplice Chendappa, both Sivachars, were searched, with the result that two moulds, one for two anna and the other for four anna pieces, eleven four anna counterfeit coins of 1885, stone and tongs and a scale-pan, were found. Both the accused were convicted in the Court of Sessions. The Inspector was duly rewarded.

(ii) A gang of Chapperbands arrived within the limits of Bharmasagar station, Chitaldroog Taluk, and offered a counterfeit four-anna piece to a Bêgar. They were searched on suspicion, with the result that one of them was found with counterfeit coins

coins of the value of ₹4-4-0. Their Finger Prints were taken and sent to the Simla Bureau where one of them by name Imam Sha, was traced as Imam Sha bin Asan Sha with a previous conviction of 5 years' rigorous imprisonment. Two of the gang were convict-ed under the coining sections, and the rest for bad livelihood.

(iii) On 17-2-07 one Rajeswara Rao, alias Rangiah, took a currency note of the value of ₹100/- to one Abdul Gaffoor, a "mandi" merchant in Bowringpet town for change, offering him a commission. The merchant on examining the note found that it had no water mark, and suspecting it to be forged, he handed over the accused with the note to the Police. The accused was ascertained to be a resident of Bowringpet town, working under an arrack vendor by name Narasimmiah Chetty, from whom he said he got the note. Both master and servant were charged, and committed to the Sessions, where the latter was convicted and the former acquitted.

(iv) The fourth case was reported from the Bangalore City, where a silk merchant, one Krishnappa and his son, tried to pass a forged currency note of the value of ₹100/- in the course of business. They were well-to-do respectable persons, and there was nothing to show that they had had any hand in the forgery; but there was sufficient evidence that they had attempt-ed to pass the note to others, after ascertaining it was forged, and both were convicted in the Sessions.

NOTE:- The note in this last case, was traced as having come from Bowringpet; and two other notes of the same value were discovered eventually in Madras City and Cuddalore town (Madras Presidency) which also were traced back to Bowringpet. All the notes were hand-made, by the same forgers, but although clever imitations, could not deceive anyone who closely examined them. The Police have a very fair idea of who the actual forgers are, and are still endeavouring to work up evidence against them, as the case is a most important one.

OTHER OFFENCES AGAINST PUBLIC JUSTICE. 67 cases were dealt

dealt with by the Police under this head against 65 of last year. The percentage of convictions to cases reported and pending was 46·2 against 44·6; and of cases decided 94 against 96·6.

RIOTS. Riots decreased from 35 to 27. Of these 10 ended in conviction, against 8 during the previous year; of these one case is worthy of mention.

In the village of Bidarakki in the Hassan District a riot with murder occurred in May last. It was due to certain land disputes between one Boregowda and Labbay Ismal Sab. Each formed a faction, and party feeling ran high, so much so that the straw stacks in the field of Boregowda were set fire to by the Labbays. A free fight ensued, in which both parties were armed with guns, swords, and clubs, and several persons were injured seriously. Two of the Gowda's party died in consequence. Both parties engaged a host of lawyers, and the Police had great difficulty in securing evidence. The Assistant Superintendent Mr. Narayana Rao personally directed the investigation, and placed 13 of the first, and 7 of the second party, before the Courts. Both cases ended in conviction in the Sessions, and created some sensation in the District owing to both factions being well to do and influential.

CLASS II.

5. SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON. The total number of cases dealt with under this class was 700 against 712 of the previous year. The result of police action was 173 convictions, with 181 acquittals or discharges.

MURDERS &c. The total number of murders reported during the year was 65, against 59 of 1905-06. Districtwar details are given below:-

District.	Murder				Attempt at murder				Culpable Homicide.			
	Reported	Struck off as B Form	Convicted	Acquitted or discharged	Reported	Struck off as B Form	Convicted	Acquitted or discharged	Reported	Struck off as B Form	Convicted	Acquitted
Bangalore.	9	1	2	3	2	1	.	.	2	.	.	.
Kolar	4	.	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Tumkur	6	.	4	2	.	.	.	.	2	.	2	.
Mysore.	6	.	2	3	1	.	.	.	3	.	2	1
French-Rocks	2	1	1	.	2	.	1	1	.	.	.	.
Hassan	4	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	2	.	1	.
Shimoga	10	.	2	6	1	.	1	.	2	.	2	.
Kadur	5	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
Chitaldrug	7	.	1	4	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
Kolar Gold Fields	4	.	1	1	1	.	1	.	2	.	2	.
Bangalore City	5	.	1	2	.		.	.	.	.	.	.
Mysore City	3	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total for 1906-07.	65	2	19	26	7	1	3	1	15	.	11	1
Total for 1905-06.	59	.	24	20	3	.	1	2	22	.	11	11

As mentioned in my previous reports, it is impossible to assign reasons for the rise or fall in murders and culpable homicide cases.

Results of Police action in culpable homicide cases were particularly satisfactory.

A few important cases are noted below:-

(i) In the limits of the Hariharpur Station of the Koppa Taluk, Kadur District, one Seshiah of Humbrahalli, was shot dead, in broad day-light, when going along a jungle footpath towards Yedahalli. The deceased had several enemies including one Lakshminarain Bhat of Kuthgode, whom he had subjected to a

heavy

heavy loss of 4 or 5 thousand rupees in litigation. This sowcar was bent on ousting the deceased from managing the affairs of the late Seshagiriyappa whose 2nd wife had sought his protection. As is usual in Malnad gun-shot-murders, the case was beset with innumerable difficulties; but the Police with great tact and perseverance succeeded in getting at the truth [redacted], that the deed had been committed by one Venkappa, a servant and dependent of the deceased, at the instigation of his enemies. The accused eventually confessed his guilt to the Assistant Superintendent, and produced the gun with which the murder had been committed. He was convicted at Sessions to the extreme penalty of the law. The actual instigators of this cold-blooded murder [redacted] escaped punishment - the unfortunate cats-paw being the only sufferer. The successful issue of this case was due to the exertions of the Amildar Mr. Venkatesiah, Inspector Hanumantha Rao, and Mr. Wilkinson, Assistant Superintendent of Police; all of whom deserve the greatest credit for their work.

(ii) Another murder occurred in Huli Thimmanapura village of the Tarikere Taluk, Kadur District. Some thieves entered the hut of a poor widow by name Rudrakka, and deliberately cut her throat, robbing her of a few wretched possessions. The deceased was of good moral character, and had no enemies. After careful enquiry the Police secured a clue. A young man called Hanumantha was found to have mortgaged some of his jewels with the deceased, which were missing after the murder. Hanumantha was arrested and made a free and full disclosure of the circumstances of the case, and implicated two other men of bad character. He was then made an approver, but as beyond his confession and the recovery of some of the property, there was nothing but circumstantial evidence against the two other accused, the Sessions Judge acquitted them. Inspector Sundrarajiengar and Mr. Wilkinson, Assistant Superintendent, did excellent work in the case.

(iii) On the 22nd September 1906, one Gaffar Khan was found trying to dispose of a cart and bullocks in Chamarajpet,

Bangalore

Bangalore City, at a low price; and on suspicion was arrested. He stated at first that he had bought the cart and two bullocks near Chennapatna for ₹48/- brought them to Bangalore, and disposed of one bullock for ₹6/-. This bullock was traced and recovered. On 1st October one Guru Rao of Magadi saw the cart before the Police Station, and stated that it belonged to one Venkata Rao of Magadi. This Venkata Rao, it was reported, had left Magadi with his cart and bullocks about 15 days ago and had not returned. Upon this the wife and relatives of Venkata Rao were sent for and examined. They stated that the accused had taken the cart on hire and had gone away with Venkata Rao; and that the latter had never returned. They identified the cart and bullocks as those belonging to Venkata Rao. The accused then made a garbled statement, that he had quarrelled with Venkata Rao, and had kicked and killed him. He said also that he had taken from the person of the deceased two gold "murus" (ear-rings) and a silver bangle which he produced.

The widow of the deceased identified the bangle, as also a brass vessel and a gunny bag found with the accused, as belonging to her husband Venkata Rao. There remained the finding and identification of the corpse. The Magadi Taluk Inspector reported that one unclaimed dead body had been found near Honnamachanahalli, Kunigal Taluk, which had been interred by the Taluk Police. As this was the spot indicated by the accused in his statement, the body was exhumed, and recognized by the wife of the deceased, who stated in particular that the deceased had a rotten tooth and a crooked toe. The tooth had been secured by the Civil Surgeon, Tumkur District, when he held the post mortem on the body, which was thought to be that of a mendicant named Gavya, who was however afterwards ascertained to be alive and residing in Kunigal Taluk. The Chemical examiner certified that in the stomach and liver of the deceased arsenic was found. The case ended in acquittal at Sessions.

The case was a complicated and difficult one and the

Bangalore

Bangalore Police worked well at it, and secured all the evidence possible.

(iv) An anonymous petition was received by the Police which contained information of a murder having been committed in a village called Thoriappanhalli in the Sira Taluk, Tumkur District; and of the body being concealed in a grain pit. The Police after careful search in several places succeeded in unearthing a male body, with injuries on the neck and back, and deprived of the tastes. This was identified as the body of one Malla who had come to the house of his mother-in-law there. The wife and mother-in-law were reluctant to give out the truth, and in fact turned hostile at the Sessions. The Police worked with persevering and energy at the case, and succeeded eventually in bringing home the offence to one Biram, the paramour of the wife, and to two others. They were committed to the Sessions, where the first was sentenced to the extreme penalty of the law, and the other two to transportation for life.

(v) In the Peddapalli village within the limits of the Balaghat Station on the Kolar Gold Field, a Marvadi by name Zasa Raj was found brutally murdered in his bed, and a wooden box containing gold and silver jewels and bonds to the value of 7 or 8 hundred rupees stolen. 7 persons, with property worth ₹300/- were arrested and charged, but all of them were discharged by the committing Magistrate, for want of any direct evidence. The case was sent up for revision by the District Magistrate, and two of the accused persons who were ordered to be retried, were finally convicted under sections 411 and 414, Indian Penal Code, for being in possession of stolen property. The Police work in this case was good, though the result was disappointing.

ATTEMPT AT MURDER AND CULPABLE HOMICIDE. "Attempts at murder" increased from 3 to 7 and "culpable homicide" decreased from 22 to 15. The result in the former was 3 convictions against 1 in the previous year; and in the latter 11 convictions in both years.

In

In one case, both the accused and complainant were Police constables.

Police constable No: 105 of Champion Reefs, attempted to kill with a knife constable Mohadeen Khan, of the Special Reserve, on account of a woman. He was sentenced to suffer 7 years' rigorous imprisonment.

EXPOSURE OF INFANTS AND CONCEALMENT OF BIRTH. There were 41 cases under this head including 20 cases pending from previous years against 39 of last year. Of these 6 ended in conviction and 4 in acquittal against 7 and 5 respectively in 1905-06.

ADMINISTERING STUPEFYING DRUGS. These cases decreased from 9 to 6. One of these was struck off on B. form, 1 ended in conviction, 1 in acquittal and 1 on B. form was pending with the Magistrate. 2 cases were Police pending.

CLASS III.

6. SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST PERSON AND PROPERTY. The total number of cases handled by the Police under this class was 3174 against 3302 in the previous year, including pending cases. The statement given below exhibits the results of Police action under the heads of "dacoity", "robbery" and "housebreaking and theft" in the several Districts.

	Dacoity				Robbery				House-breaking and Theft				
	Reported	Struck off or B Form	Convicted	Acquitted or discharged	Reported	Struck off or B Form	Convicted	Acquitted or discharged	Reported	Struck off or B Form	Convicted	Acquitted or discharged	
	2	1	-	1	3	-	1	-	134	33	32	11	
Kolar	1	-	2	-	3	2	1	-	97	29	15	5	* Includes 1 case of past year
Tumkur	2	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	110	17	25	8	
Mysore	6	2	-	2	4	1	-	-	111	40	39	21	
French-Rocks	1	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	77	30	15	2	
Hassan	1	-	-	-	5	1	1	2	92	24	26	4	
Shimoga	3	-	1	1	6	2	1	-	112	13	17	10	
Kadur	3	-	1	1	3	2	-	-	84	24	11	6	
Chitaldrug	2	-	1	1	2	1	-	-	56	19	16	5	
Kolar Gold Fields	2	-	1	1	11	4	4	2	217	13	28	6	
Bangalore City	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	68	8	13	1	
Mysore City	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	1	59	15	14	5	
Railway Police	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	
1906-07	23	3	6	7	45	14	10	5	1220	265	252	84	
1905-06	37	1	10	13	66	11	16	8	1216	191	231	88	

DACOITIES. It will be seen that there was a very satisfactory decrease in daring organised crimes, which I can unhesitatingly say, was due to the effective preventive measures adopted by the District officers in the border Districts of the State. 68 cases of Dacoity & Robbery, against 103 of last year.

Three important cases which cost the Police much labour, and showed detective skill, are detailed below:-

(i) On the 20th May 1906 a torch light dacoity occurred in the house of one Komati Seshappa in the Chitaldroog Town. The dacoits ransacked the house, and caused injury to the inmates, and carried away property to the value of Rs 716/-. The case was pending at the close of 1905-06. I visited the scene of

occurrence, and suspecting the offence had been committed by a foreign criminal gang, deputed Head Quarter Inspector Sri Narasimha Shastri on special detective duty.

Narasimha Shastry persevered at the case for over three months; and with the cooperation of the Adoni, Pattikonda and Yemmiganoor Police of the Bellary and Kurnool Districts of Madras, succeeded eventually in tracing the offence to 5 Foreign Korachers, and one local "badmash" by name Thimma of the Chitaldroog Taluk. One of the Korachers confessed his guilt. Thimma escaped committal to the Sessions; where the 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 5th accused were convicted under section 397, Indian Penal Code, and sentenced to 10 years' rigorous imprisonment each. The ~~3rd~~ 4" accused was acquitted.

The services of Inspector Narasimha Shastri and the other Police officers who worked out this difficult case, have met with due recognition.

The appreciative and encouraging remarks of the Sessions Judge Mr. Plumer, who tried the case, are re-produced:-

" It is pleasant in conclusion to-be able to state, that from the time the investigation was taken in hand by the 1st prosecution witness Mr. Narasimha Shastry, nothing but praise can be found for the thoroughness and patience, with which each clue in the case was hunted for; and for the skill and energy with which once the clue was found, it was followed up and worked out day after day with unceasing care and vigorous scrutiny. "

x x x x

" I consider his performance in the detection of this case, and its prosecution to a successful termination, a most meritorious and commendable piece of work, and the best of its kind yet in my experience. In these remarks, it would seem from the diaries, that the work of Jamedar Seetha Ramiah should be included."

To

" To this must be added that the thanks of the Mysore Police would seem due, to the energetic help of the Adoni, Pattikonda and Yemmiganoor Police Inspectors and their subordinates, as also the conscientious and well directed steps in the enquiry, taken by the Pattikonda Sub Magistrate Mr. Srinivasa Rangachar, which undoubtedly contributed very largely to the successful issue of the case."

(ii) Another dacoity committed in the Tumkur District was very cleverly detected by the Bangalore Police. Four Korachers were searched on suspicion. They were found in possession of jewels to the value of ₹60/- which were ascertained after careful inquiry to belong to a case of dacoity, that had occurred some time before on the Koratagere-Goribidnur road. No complaint had been made to the Police by the complainant who was a woman. The case ended in conviction and the Police were rewarded.

(iii) On the night of the 23rd July 1906 a torch light dacoity was reported in the house of one Sowcar Paniyappa in the Tarikere Town. Some violence was caused to the inmates of the house, and property valued at ₹1985/- stolen. The offence was traced to a gang of Koramers, who had recently encamped in the Chennagiri Taluk of the Shimoga District. 10 of the dacoits were arrested with property worth ₹1511/-, of whom 6 were convicted and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment. Inspectors Venkatappa and Sundra Rajiengar worked up this case with skill and diligence, under the direction of Mr. Wilkinson, the Assistant Superintendent; and they have been suitably rewarded.

ROBBERIES. Robberies decreased from 66 to 45. Of these 10 ended in conviction and 5 in acquittal. The largest number of convictions viz., 4 was secured in the Kolar Gold Fields Circle; the Districts of Tumkur, Mysore, Kadur and Chitaldroog showing none at all.

HOUSE-BREAKING AND THEFTS. House-breakings increased from 1216 to 1220. The percentage of convictions to cases

decided

decided was the same as in the previous year viz., 75, which is fairly satisfactory. Detection under this head on the Kolar Gold Field was particularly poor.

One case is specially worthy of mention.

One Hanumappa, a Contractor in Bangalore City, complained that his iron-safe, kept in the Government Medical Stores, was stolen therefrom, containing gold and silver jewels valued at rupees four or five thousand. The complaint was received by the Police after a delay of nearly a month, as the complainant himself was not aware of the occurrence for some time. This long delay afforded a favourable opportunity for the culprits to dispose of the stolen property in various places. In spite of these difficulties, the City Inspector Mr. Reuben and his staff worked up the case with great skill, and succeeded in recovering property to the extent of Rs.1000/-; prosecuting to conviction one Abdul Khader and another Buden Sheriff, the two servants employed in the Stores.

In connection with this case a notorious receiver by name Raja Venkatasubbiah - a Komati merchant of the Bangalore City - was convicted by the District Magistrate under section 411, Indian Penal Code. He was one of those so-called respectable persons whose status and influence in society renders it very difficult for the Police to bring them to book. His arrest and conviction was a decided score for the Police, though on appeal to the Chief Court he was unfortunately acquitted.

CLASS V.

7. MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY. The most important offences under this class are ordinary, and cattle thefts, and receiving stolen property. The following statement contains Districtwar details:-

	Theft of cattle				Theft ordinary				Receiving stolen property				
	Reported	Struck off as B Form	Convicted	Acquitted or discharged	Reported	Struck off as B Form	Convicted	Acquitted or discharged	Reported	Struck off as B Form	Convicted	Acquitted or discharged	
	33	4	21	6	203	34	94	34	3	.	3	.	
	16	2	12	1	88	21	37	14	2	.	2	.	
Tumkur.	34	2	21	6	172	32	93	20	3	.	1	1	
Mysore.	36	2	15	6	227	48	101	32	1	.	2*	.	* Includes 1 case of last year.
French Rocks.	10	2	5	2	95	17	51	17	.	.	.	.	
Hassan	33	9	17	4	195	49	76	20	.	.	.	.	
Shimoga	29	7	8	10	202	35	66	30	6	.	3	3	
Kadur	23	4	9	5	176	37	46	21	.	.	.	.	
Chitaldrug	23	4	10	2	184	41	65	20	1	.	.	1	
Kolar Gold Fields	17	3	9	4	297	24	127	38	58	.	41	16	
Bangalore City	-	-	.	.	186	24	76	13	6	..	3	1	
Mysore City	2	.	2	.	116	6	63	9	8	.	2	1	
Railway Police	-	-	-	.	22	.	10	1	.	.	.	.	
Totals for 1906-07.	256	39	129	46	2163	368	905	269	88	.	57	23	
Totals for 1905-06.	319	59	154	50	2356	364	935	239	148	15	100	31.	

The percentage of detection in cattle thefts was excellent in all Districts except Shimoga. In ordinary thefts conviction was secured in about 50 per cent of true cases.

As usual the Kolar Gold Field heads the list in detection and number of cases of receiving stolen property.

8. DIRECT CASES. The total number of cases taken up by Magistrates direct was 1584 including 211 pending cases against 1548 in the previous year. Of these 349 ended in conviction and 620 in acquittal or discharge against 340 and 616 of last year. The number of direct cases referred to the Police was 365

against

against 386. This is a large number.

9. NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME. 7138 non-cognizable cases were instituted on complaint and 896 cases were taken up by Magistrates "Suo Motu" or upon information making a total of 8034 against 8391 during the previous year. Of these 242 were referred to the Police for investigation against 258 of last year.

10. PERSONS IN POLICE CASES. 5420 persons were arrested by the Police against 5466 of the previous year. Of these 260 persons were released by the Police under section 169, Criminal Procedure Code, against 201 during the previous year. The total number sent up for trial was 5491 against 6026; the number convicted was 3352 against 3434, and the number acquitted or discharged was 1931 against 1860. The percentage of persons convicted to those arrested was 62, the same as in the previous year, and of those tried 56·4 against 57.

PERSONS IN MAGISTRATE'S CASES. The total number of persons who appeared before Magistrates in connection with cognizable cases taken up "Suo Motu" including persons under trial from the previous year was 2451 against 2124 in 1905-06. The number convicted was 679 against 528 and acquitted 1472 against 1349 of the previous year. The percentage of persons convicted to persons actually tried was 31·5 against 28.1 last year.

PROCESSES IN NON-COGNIZABLE CASES. Processes were issued against 16156 persons against 16341 during the previous year. The numbers convicted and acquitted were 2777 and 8223 against 3313 and 8481 respectively of the previous year.

PREVIOUS CONVICTIONS. Out of a total number of 1976 persons convicted for offences under Chapters XII and XVII of the Indian Penal Code, previous convictions were proved against 195 persons or 9·8 per cent; against 183 persons or 7·8 per cent last year; a decided improvement. Out of the 195 convictions, 1 previous conviction was proved in 91 cases, 2 in 54, 3 in 18,

4 in 19, 5 in 8, 6 in 3, and 7 in 2. Mysore District and Banga -lore City head the list with 35 and 30 convictions respectively followed by Kolar Gold Fields with 30.

With the growing efficiency of the Finger Print Bureau, and with the organization of a Criminal Intelligence Department, it is hoped that there will be better results still in the coming year.

11. PROSECUTIONS FOR FALSE COMPLAINTS. Out of 1472 cases ordered by Magistrates to be struck off as false, mistaken or non-cognizable, 66 cases were declared to be "maliciously false" against 94 of the previous year. I regret to state that in the Districts of Kolar, Hassan and Kadur, the French Rocks Circle and the Mysore City, there was not a single case of the kind. Unless the Police and Magistracy work together in the prosecution of complainants in really false cases, there seems little hope of showing better results in this direction.

PROSECUTIONS FOR PERJURY. 7 persons in 7 cases were prosecuted against 4 persons in 4 cases being convictions obtained against 2 as against 4 of the preceding year.

12. SESSIONS TRIALS. The following statement shows the results at Sessions trials:-

District.	Total number of Sessions Cases.	Cases ending in conviction	Cases ending in acquittal or discharge	Pending.	Percentage of convictions to Cases tried.	Persons convicted in the Sessions.	Persons acquitted or discharged.	Percentage of persons convicted to Those tried.	Number of Cases in which Superintendent or Assistant Superintendents were present.
Bangalore	15	11	3	1	78.5	12	4	75	3
Kolar	12	8	4	.	66.6	12	8	60	12
Tumkur	12	6	5	1	54.5	7	14	33.3	11
Mysore	10	5	4	1	55.5	71	21	77.1	9
French-Rocks	5	4	1	.	80	4	2	66.6	5
Hassan	7	5	2	.	71.4	8	9	47	4
Shimoga	9	5	4	.	55.5	10	12	45.4	9
Kadur	4	1	3	.	25	6	10	37.5	4
Chitaldrug	10	4	6	.	40	8	19	29.6	10
Kolar Gold Fields	12	8	2	2	80	10	12	45.4	.
Bangalore City	9	4	2	3	66.6	5	3	62.5	4
Mysore City	9	8	1	.	88.8	12	3	80	9
Total	114	69	37	8	50.7	101	117	46.3	80

The results are satisfactory in Mysore City, Kolar Gold Fields, and in the Bangalore, Kolar, French Rocks, and Hassan Districts.

In the Kadur and Chitaldroog Districts the results are especially disappointing, as in these Districts I know that the heinous cases were particularly well-handled by the Police.

13. RECOVERY OF STOLEN PROPERTY. The following statement shows that although slightly less property was recovered this year than last; the number of cases in which recovery was made was larger. The percentage in both years was above the average.

Year	Cases in which property was lost.	Cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered	Amount of property lost.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of property recovered.
1906-07	2,890	1,868	64·6	190,998	68020	35·6
1905-06	2,985	1,903	63·7	2,12,810	81,609	38·3.

PREVENTIVE ACTION.

14. As observed by the Indian Police Commission, no more important duty devolves on the Police than the prevention of crime. I have therefore endeavoured to impress on all District officers the necessity of their acquiring a very accurate knowledge of the criminals living within, or moving through, their respective jurisdictions, and to exercise effective surveillance over them.

The measures adopted by me to systematize the action of the Police in this direction have been:-

(i) To move Government to empower all 1st class Magistrates to take action under section 565, Criminal Procedure Code, which section had been allowed to remain inoperative in the State. This will no doubt result in the better surveillance of convicts.

(ii) As a preliminary to the formation of a Criminal Intelligence Department and for the better registration of gangs and

K.Ds

K.Ds., I obtained the sanction of Government to the entertainment in each District of a Special Gang Inspector to revise the existing registers. These registers are now being rewritten, on the lines indicated by the Indian Police Commission; and Village Crime Note Books, History Sheets, Surveillance Registers and Bad Character Rolls, have also been partially introduced.

(iii) To secure uniformity in the work of Gang Inspectors, a Conference of Superintendents and Assistants, and Gang Inspectors, was convened in April last; and the whole question was thoroughly gone into.

(iv) Another small Conference was held in Bangalore a couple of months later, owing to an unusually heavy inroad of criminal gangs into the border Districts of Chitaldroog, Shimoga and Tumkur, and the Districts of Kadur and Hassan, in May June and July. Proposals made at this Conference led to an organised system of jungle "beats" being set on foot in all the suspected hills and jungles of the above Districts, resulting eventually, in the month of August, in the capture of several dangerous dacoits and coiners in the Chitaldroog District.

There can be no doubt whatever that these "beats" which were organized by the Superintendents, Amildars, and Inspectors, and carried out with large bodies of Police, and hundreds of villagers, headed by their Patels, had a very salutary effect on the disturbed tracts; and effectually scared away many dangerous gangs which had hoped to depredate the Province, having found the neighbouring Districts of Dharwar, Bellary, and the Nizam's Territory too hot for them.

The Patels and villagers have now realized that their best safety lies in the organised "scouring" of the surrounding jungles, should they apprehend that predatory gangs are in the immediate neighbourhood of their villages. I have given several good rewards to Patels and Thalvars in the Chitaldroog District, for arresting suspicious characters in their limits, and this will no doubt encourage them and others to further efforts to

assist

assist the Regular Police.

Among the dacoits captured in August, were Pichiga and two other leaders of a very dangerous Korachar gang, who are known to have escaped twice from Police custody; are wanted in a dacoity with murder in Sirsi, North Kanara District, Bombay; in two cases of murder of Korachar informants; and in a torch-light house dacoity in Chickmagalur Town, which occurred last July.

The same gang is suspected to have carried on their depredations for years in Coorg, Dharwar, Bellary and the Nizam's Territory - the extraordinary thing being, that we are unable to trace their antecedents in the various Bureaux, as none of these desperadoes appear to have been convicted before, except the leader Pichiga, and Chindya alias Gidda alias Venkata, for bad livelihood in Surapur in the year 1903.

When re-arrested after escape from the Chitaldroog Police, Pichiga and his brother tried to commit suicide by cutting their throats with sharp-edged stones, and nearly succeeded in the attempt.

The arrest of this really dangerous gang was brought about by Mr. Ramaswamiah, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Chitaldroog, whose energy in the breaking up of several other Criminal gangs, and perseverance in prosecuting them for bad livelihood, have been the means of preventing a very serious out-break of organized dacoity in the Chitaldroog District. I cannot speak too highly of his work.

Mr. Krishna Rao, District Superintendent, Bangalore District, and Mr. Thomas, District Superintendent of Police, Kolar Gold Fields Circle, have also been most successful in preventive work.

(iv) The subjoined Districtwar statement shows the results of Police action under the preventive sections of the Code:-

District.	Number arrested		Number Convicted		Number discharged		Number pending before Magistrates		Remarks.
	1905-06	1906-07	1905-06	1906-07	1905-06	1906-07	1905-06	1906-07	
Bangalore District	20	x 40	7	17	13	21	.	.	x 2 released by Police
Kolar -Do.	4	13	4	9	.	.	.	.	4 - Do -
Tumkur -Do.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Mysore -Do.	4	2	1	.	3	.	.	2	
French Rocks.	10	=	5	-	5	.	.	-	
Hassan -Do.	2	3	2	2	.	1	.	.	
Shimoga -Do.	8	10	1	.	3	10	.	.	
Kadur -Do.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Chitaldrug -Do.	2	38	1	13	.	5	1	20	
Kolar Gold Fields	19	26	12	9	4	15	3	2	
Bangalore City	7	12	.	8	7	3	.	.	1 - Do -
Mysore City	13	1	13	1	.	.	.	.	
Total	89	145	46	59	35	55	4	24	x 7 released by Police.

The Tumkur and Kadur Districts show no arrests or convictions in bad livelihood cases, which is disappointing - but the work of surveillance was, I know, good in both Districts. The Mysore District and City show the worst results of all, although the District is over-run with gangs. Convictions are also very discouraging especially in Shimoga, but I hope that 1st class Magistrates will eventually discover that their powers under these sections are most useful; and that they will gradually realize their joint responsibility with the Police for the prevention of crime.

Of the 59 persons bound over for good behaviour, 23 were Korachars, 7 Dongadasaries, 6 Waddars, 4 Gollars, 2 Kurubas, 1 Bedar and the rest other castes. Bangalore heads the list, then comes Chitaldroog followed by the Kolar Gold Fields.

(v)

(v) DETECTIVE BRANCH. A special Detective Staff has been entertained in the City of Bangalore with a competent Inspector at its head. This has been doing useful but unostentatious work, under the direction of the District Superintendent Mr. Krishna Rao; and has been instrumental in bringing to book an unprecedented number of wandering gangs, for bad livelihood.

The Kolar Gold Fields Detective Department continued to do good work as shewn in the statement below:-

Number of cases taken up by Detective Department.	Number ending in conviction	Number of persons arrested	Number of persons convicted	Property recovered.
31	26	47	34	Rs. 8224----

(vi) CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DEPARTMENT. The formation of a Criminal Investigation Department under my immediate supervision, and with Head Quarters at Bangalore, is engaging my attention. As a matter of fact, the Department may be said to have already started operations most effectively with the Gang Inspectors in all Districts, and with the nucleus of a Detective Department in Bangalore City and on the Kolar Gold Fields.

Preventive and detective work has been materially assisted by the Finger Print Bureau, which has made very considerable progress during the year; and all Superintendents now fully recognise that this branch of Police administration is well beyond the experimental stage.

15. ARRESTS BY THE VILLAGE POLICE. The Village Police arrested 76 persons in 46 cases against 112 persons in 86 cases during the preceding year. The Mysore District has utilized the services of the Village Police most, and Tumkur, Bangalore and Kolar have done fairly well. In Kadur District the Village Police made no arrests. The fact is there are no Village Police worth the name in the Malnaad - the Patels also being uneducated, and consequently useless.

In the Maidan Districts of the Province the Patels

and

and Talwars are often of the greatest assistance to the Regular Police, especially in the tracing and surveillance of wandering gangs.

16. INFANT MARRIAGES. In 6 cases 17 persons were prosecuted; and 5 cases with 12 persons ended in conviction, against 17 cases and 48 persons of last year.

17. PROCESSES. The processes issued, executed, and unexecuted, during the year were 108282, 100945 and 7337 including those under the Breach of Contract Act; against 106956, 99708 and 7248 respectively, during 1905-06. The work in this branch has been steadily increasing, and is very heavy.

18. VIOLENT AND UNNATURAL DEATHS. The total number of persons who lost their lives from violent and unnatural causes was 2353; against 1960 of last year; showing an increase of 393. Details are as follows:-

Causes of death	1906-07	1905-06.
Murder.	67	60
Culpable Homicide	17	23
Justifiable Homicide.	-	1
Suicide.	274	221
Found dead (Cause unknown)	37	32
Drink	2	2
Neglect or want	25	4
Exposure	9	6
Other Causes.	310	285
Accidental deaths	1429	1096
Mining accidents.	69	44
Snake-bite.	114	185
Totals.	2353	1960

The increase of 25 deaths under "Mining Accidents", was due to a large number of fatal accidents caused by air-blasts on Champion and the other Mines.

19. INVESTIGATION OF CASES BY SUPERINTENDENTS OF POLICE. The following statement gives the number of heinous cases investigated

investigated by Superintendents and Assistants:-

District.	Number of cases reported.	Number investigated by Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents of Police.	Disposal.			Pending.	Remarks.
			Number struck off or Returned	Number convicted	Number acquitted or discharged		
Bangalore.	18	18	3	3	4	8	
Kolar	8	8	2	4	2		
Tumkur	12	12	1	6	2	3	
Mysore.	20	20	3	4	6	7	
French Rocks	7	7	1	3	1	2	
Hassan	12	12	1	3	3	5	
Shimoga	22	22	2	7	7	6	
Kadur	12	12	2	2	2	6	
Chitaldrug	12	12	1	3	5	3	
Kolar Gold Fields	20	20	4	9	4	3	
Bangalore City	6	6	-	2	2	2	
Mysore City.	6	6	.	2	2	2	
Total	155	155	20	48	40	47	

It is exceedingly satisfactory to note that all Superintendents have taken their full share in the investigation of heinous crime. It is a duty I have always impressed upon them, as it is only by personal supervision, that subordinate officers can be kept up to the mark, and encouraged to persevering effort.

Amildars investigated 58 cases in all. The largest number viz., 13 was in the Mysore District; next comes Tumkur, French Rocks, Hassan and Chitaldroog with 7 each.

In several important cases Amildars were of great assistance to the Police.

20. THE ARMS REGULATION. The total number of licenses issued under this regulation was 12847, against 13041 of the preceding year. In 48 cases involving 52 persons, prosecutions were

were instituted, with the result that 42 cases with 44 persons ended in conviction; 3 cases with 4 persons ended in acquittal, and 3 cases with 4 persons were pending at the close of the year. Details are given below:-

District.	Licenses	Cases.				Persons				Remarks.
	Number issued	Number prosecuted	Number convicted	Number acquitted	Number pending	Number prosecuted	Number convicted	Number acquitted	Number pending	
Bangalore	2478	9	7	-	2	9	7	.	.	
Kolar	799	2	2	.	.	3	3	.		
Tumkur	1914	5	5	.	.	6	6	.	.	
Mysore	1166	3	3	.		3	3	.		
Frenchrocks	415	4	4	.	.	4	4	.	.	
Hassan	331	5	3	1	1	6	3	1	.	
Shimoga	1563	4	4	.	.	4	4	.		
Kadur	2577	4	4	.	.	4	4	.	.	
Chitaldrug	675	10	8	2	.	11	8	3	.	
Kolar Gold Fields	673	1	1	.	.	1	1	.	.	
Bangalore City	132	.	.	.	.		.	.	.	
Mysore City	124	1	1	.	.	1	1	.	.	
Total	12847	48	42	3	3	52	44	4	.	

21. THE CENSUS OF FIRE ARMS. As directed in Government Order No: J.1004-Police 55-06-1 dated 24-10-06 a census of fire arms was taken in the Malnad and semi Malnad Taluks of the Districts of Mysore, Shimoga, Kadur and Hassan during the month of November 1906.

This work was done by the respective Amildars with the help of Police Inspectors, under the supervision and guidance of District officers; and resulted in a very large number of unlicensed guns being reported. The majority of these are of a very antiquated pattern and are seldom if ever used. This no doubt accounts for the Police not having come across them at any time before. The census has now given us a basis on which to work out a more accurate registration of fire arms.

PART II. GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.

FINGER PRINT BUREAU.

22. FINGER PRINT SLIPS ON RECORD. There were 13185 slips on record on 1st July 1906: and during the year under report, 1721 slips were received for record, as against 1704 in the previous year; thus making a total of 14906 records in the Bureau at the close of the year.

(a) The details of the slips received during the year for record are shown below:-

Bangalore (including the Civil and Military Station)	400
Kolar.	132
Kolar Gold Fields.	228
Tumkur.	170
Mysore.	47
French Rocks.	60
Hassan.	49
Shimoga.	144
Kadur.	77
Chitaldroog.	173
Madras.	174
Bombay.	17
Bengal.	1
Central Provinces.	1
United Provinces of Agra & Oudh.	5
Hyderabad (Deccan).	43.
Total	1721.

NOTE:- Mysore although the largest and most important District in the Province shows up very badly.

(b) The slips received for record during the last two years are fewer than in the two previous years, owing to the opening of the Central Bureau at Simla, to which most of the slips

slips that were being received here from the various British Provinces, have been diverted.

FINGER PRINT SLIPS RECEIVED FOR SEARCH. The number of slips received for search in the year was 1884 (1195 Provincial, and 689 Foreign) against only 1438 in the previous year. Out of these 274 (200 Provincial, and 74 Foreign) were traced as against 209 in 1905-06.

(a) The details are:-

	Number received for search.	Number traced.
Bangalore (including Civil and Military Station)	686	85
Kolar.	39	11
Kolar Gold Fields.	104	33
Tumkur.	26	8
Mysore.	110	22
French Rocks.	17	3
Hassan.	32	4
Shimoga.	59	12
Kadur.	18	3
Chitaldroog.	105	19
Madras.	405	58
Bombay.	58	12
Bengal.	36	"
Central Provinces.	15	"
United Provinces of Agra & Oudh.	5	"
Hyderabad (Deccan).	136	4
The Punjab.	33	"
Total	1884	274.

(b) The following statement is of interest as indicating the steady advance that has been made in Finger Print work in the State, since the Bureau was first started, and as showing that District officers are now realizing that the Finger Print system

is

is of assistance to them in the tracing of habitual and dangerous criminals.

Year	Number of slips received for search from Districts	Number traced
1899-1900	7	3
1900-1901	26	11
1901-1902	381	29
1902-1903	62	26
1903-1904	212	37
1904-1905	410	90
1905-1906	550	144
1906-1907	1195	200

THE CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT. A Criminal Intelligence Branch has been added to the Bureau, and detailed instructions, for the conduct of this work in Districts, were issued in several confidential memoranda. Fair progress has been made.

(a) A start has been made in reclassifying the Finger Print Slips in the Bureau, according to the Henry system.

(b) The photos of habitual criminals have been indexed, and up-to-date information as regards convictions and previous history of each is being collected and collated.

(c) The Transfrontier Foreigners resident within the Province have been registered.

(d) Information regarding the history and operations of criminal tribes is being collected.

(e) Periodical returns of Proclaimed Offenders and statements showing the movements of wandering criminal gangs of the Province are being registered.

As reported last year the Bureau is undermanned and requires to be strengthened. This will have to be done at once.

23. EDUCATION. All Inspectors are literate; and out of the total number of 112, only 16 have not passed some kind of

examination

examination; 86 Inspectors have passed in English. Of the Jamedars 92 per cent are qualified, and all are literate. Of the Duffedars 375 have qualified out of 574, and 99 per cent are literate.

It is most satisfactory to note that 350 officers, now in service, have passed successfully through the Bangalore Police Training School; and that 250 have qualified themselves by passing in District Police Schools; making a total of ~~614~~ 600 passed men, out of a total of 840.

.These figures compare very favourably with those of other Presidencies or Provinces, and are far in advance of any other Native State in India.

Rank	Actual Strength	Examinations passed.					Total qualified	Number not passed
		B.A., & B.L.	Local Service Criminal & Revenue &c	P.J.S. and Revenue & criminal or criminal	P.J.S.	Kanarese S.H.O. or district Police School		
Inspectors	112	8	6	22	50	10	96	16
Jamedars	154	-	-	18	81	44	143	11
Duffedars	574	-	-	5	174	196	375	199
Total	840	8	6	45	305	250	614	226.

When the older type of officers reach the age limit, they will be replaced by passed men, and I hope that within the next five years every Inspector and Jamedar in the Force will have been through the Police Training School.

If education is as powerful an agent as many persons consider it to be, this should lead to a decided improvement in the general tone and efficiency of the Department.

24. THE BANGALORE POLICE TRAINING SCHOOL. The school opened on the 5th November 1906 and closed on the 30th June 1907, for the 4th term, since I assumed charge of the Department. There were, as in previous years, 3 classes - 2 in English, 1 for Inspectors, and the other for Station House officers - and the third in Canarese for Station House officers only. The strength

of

of the school was:-

Class	Men in Service	Recruits	Total	Number passed.
Inspectors' Class	9	2	11	10
English S. H. O.	16	4	20	18
Kanarese S. H. O.	24	.	24	21
Total	49	6	55	49.

NOTE:- From the large number of students who passed out creditably, it will be seen that the work of instruction was most carefully and efficiently carried out by Mr. Shama Rao, and his assistants, who deserve the greatest credit for it.

The following statements show the distribution according to castes and rank in service of the students:-

Caste.-

Caste	Inspectors Class	English S. H. O	Kanarese S. H. O.	Total
Brahmins	5	9	11	25
Other Hindus	3	7	10	20
Mahomedans	1	3	3	7
Native Christians	1	.	.	1
Europeans and Eurasians	1	1	.	2
Total	11	20	24	55.

Rank in service.-

Rank	Inspectors Class	English S. H. O.	Kanarese S. H. O	Total
Police Inspectors	2	.	.	2
Head Constables	5	.	1	6
Duffedars	2	5	8	15
Sergeants	.	.	2	2
Constables	.	11	13	24
Recruits	2	4	.	6
Total	11	20	24	55.

It is my object to train as many of the men already in the service as possible, so as to give them an opportunity of fitting themselves by a course of instruction, for promotion to the higher grades. Head Constables, Jamedars, and Duffedars, form the main-stay of the Force, and should be trained to meet modern requirements.

The

The school was opened in the year 1892 by Mr. V.P. Madhava Rao, the present Dewan of the State, when he was Inspector General of Police. About 281 candidates were trained during the years 1892 to 1901, and of these 221 were provided with appointments. The school was then closed for two years; and again re-opened in 1903. During the last 4 years, 148 students have been trained, and 135 are now working in the Department.

Several of the subjects taught in the Bangalore Training School, do not fall within the curricula of other Provincial Police Schools. For example:-

(1) Ambulance (the text book being the St.John's Ambulance, 1st aid to the injured).

(2) Photography - including developing and printing.

(3) Drawing and Survey i.e., instruction in drawing simple plans and plotting, and making out estimates for small Police buildings.

(4) Observation exercises, and instruction in precision and accuracy in giving evidence.

(5) Instruction regarding criminal gangs and their habits.

(6) The taking of Finger Impressions.

I attach very great importance to the students attending Courts regularly to acquire a knowledge of procedure, and to train themselves in making precis of evidence. The present term students had about a month's training in this important work. This is not sufficient, and to enable students to go through a proper course, the present term of 8 months should be extended. I intend moving Government to extend the course to one year, as is the case in other Provincial Police schools in India.

classes are now held in a portion

of

of the Provincial Reserve Lines, the students making their own arrangements for board and lodging. This is a weak point in our system, as it is impossible to bring the students under supervision and strict discipline. Much of their time is wasted in going to and returning from their lodgings generally in insanitary native hotels.

If sufficient funds could be placed at my disposal, I would build a "hostel" in some central locality near the school, where the students would be under the eye of the school Inspector. At Vellore and elsewhere the students are located in regular "hostels".

The students were taken out into camp for a week to Pinya for training in musketry. This place is eminently suited for the purpose, and Government have been asked to accord early sanction to a grant of ₹500/- for the laying out of a proper Rifle Range, which may be utilized all the year round by the Training School, the Provincial Reserve, and the Bangalore District and City Police.

A library, well equipped with books of reference on Criminology, is a desideratum, and I intend to begin making a small collection for the use of the school.

At the close of the sessions and before the departure of the students to their respective Districts, sports were held, and the 2nd Councillor Mr. Puttanna Chetty very kindly gave away the prizes.

25. POLICE CATECHISM. The Police Catechism has been ready for some time, but I deferred sending it to Press pending the passing of the new Police Regulation, which is however still "hanging fire". I have now embodied the new provisions, which are not likely to be altered, and the Catechism is now being printed both in English and Canarese. It contains much useful information concerning criminal Law and procedure, and is intended as the text book and "vade mecum" for all Police

officers

officers of the lower ranks.

THE POLICE ORDER BOOK OR MANUAL. The Circular Orders and memoranda issued in this office from time to time, for the guidance of all ranks, and published periodically in the Police Gazettes during the last 20 years, are now being collated by the School Inspector Mr. Shama Rao; but the Manual cannot be issued until the Police Regulation has passed into law.

26. INSPECTION OF STATIONS BY DISTRICT POLICE OFFICERS.

The appended statement shows the details of stations inspected by Deputy Commissioners, District Superintendents, and Assistant Superintendents:-

District	Number of Stations				Visited by Deputy Commissioner				Inspected by Superintendent or Assistant Superintendent of Police.								Number of days travelled	Number of miles travelled		Number of Stations not C. [illegible]
	Head Station	Sub Station	Outpost	Total	Head Station	Sub Station	Outpost	Total	Head Station		Sub Station		Outpost		Total			By road	By rail	Head Stations
									once	more than once	once	more than once	once	more than once	once	more than once				
Bangalore	12	54	5	71	-	4	-	4	12	8	54	10	5	-	71	18	89	966	1562	-
Kolar	11	32	5	48	2	5	-	7	3	8	26	6	5	-	34	14	159	1752	1327	-
Tumkur	13	53	57	123	-	2	-	2	12	1	49	4	56	1	117	6	200	580	1543	-
Mysore	9	46	23	78	3	6	9	18	9	7	46	29	23	17	78	53	145	1944	1033	-
French Rocks	7	31	1	39	1	3	-	4	7	2	31	-	1	-	39	2	199	2285	1737	-
Hassan	10	35	10	55	3	12	-	15	1	9	8	27	6	4	15	40	247	3047	698	-
Shimoga	21	10	45	76	7	2	12	21	7	14	7	3	34	11	48	28	170	2068	1128	-
Kadur	9	26	20	55	2	4	-	6	4	5	13	14	12	6	29	25	234	2280	720	-
Chitaldrug	11	54	3	68	3	3	-	6	3	8	40	14	3	-	46	22	195	2515	-	-
Kolar Gold Fields	5	14	4	23	2	1	-	3	5	1	11	2	-	1	16	4	28	200	580	- 3
R- -lw cily	1	6	-	7	-	2	-	2	1	-	1	3	-	2	2	5	-	-	-	-
u bily	1	8	-	9	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	8	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-
Total	110	369	173	652	24	44	21	89	65	63	294	112	145	42	584	217	1666	19637	10328	- 3

INSPECTION. The inspection of stations has never been better done than in the year under report, only 3 Sub Stations remaining uninspected out of 110 Head Stations and 369 Sub Stations in the Province.

(The Inspection work in the Tumkur, Mysore, Shimoga, Chitaldroog and Bangalore Districts is particularly heavy.) The Deputy Commissioners of Mysore, Hassan, Chitaldroog and Kolar inspected several stations and outposts; and were specially helpful, evincing interest in the efforts of the Police in the prevention and detection of crime.

27. THE REGULAR POLICE. Statement E furnishes details of the strength, cost, distribution and employment of the Police Force in the State. The sanctioned strength of the permanent force was 888 officers and 5119 men, against 888 officers and 5116 men in the previous year; the increase is due to three additional constables having been entertained in the Provincial Special Reserve to furnish guards for the Revenue Survey Office.

28. COST OF THE POLICE. The actual cost of Police Administration during the year, as per figures furnished by the Comptroller, was ₹986,830/- against 992,163/- in the previous year showing a decrease of ₹5333/- as per details below:-

No.	Particulars	1905-06	1906-07.
1	Superintendence (Head quarters)	35,100	36,144
2	City Police of Bangalore and Mysore.	73,895	75,169
3	Kolar Gold Fields Police	64,488	70,417
4	Special Detective Police, Kolar Gold Fields	12,468	13,000
5	Special Reserve Police		
6	Executive Rural Police	762,480	754,039
7	Railway Police	9601	9939
8	Refunds	14	17
	Share of Land Revenue charges debitable to Police	29,757	28,105
	Total Rupees.	992,163	986,830

This

This includes:-

1.	Land Revenue charges ¼ of salaries and travelling allowances of Deputy Commissioners debitable to Police Budget.	₹27500/-
2.	The cost of Detective Police maintained by contribution received from the Mining Companies.	13000/-
3.	7/10ths of the cost of the Railway Police received from the Southern Mahratta Railway Company.	6463/-
	Total	₹46963/-.

Deducting this amount from the gross expenditure, the actual cost comes to ₹939867/- which works out roughly at the average of ₹156/- per annum or ₹13/- per mensem per head of Policeman.

29. HUTTING AND BUILDING. The following original works and repairs were executed by the Public Works Department.

1.	Constructing a Police Station at Thirthahalli	₹3298.
2.	Converting the old school at Nyamti, Honnali Taluk into a Police Station.	264.
3.	Constructing a Police Station and Lines at Agumbi, Thirthahalli Taluk.	741.
4.	Opening a new window in the male lock-up room of the Town Police Station at Chickmagalur	25.
5.	Constructing a Police Station and Lines at Kikeri, Krishnarajpet Taluk.	2875.
6.	Additions and alterations to the old Police Inspector's Quarters at Heggadadevankote.	448.
7.	Improving the Reserve Police Lines at Mysore.	737.
8.	Constructing a Police Station and Lines at Saligram, Yedatore Taluk.	522.
9.	Constructing a Police Station and Lines at Yedatore.	473.
10.	Constructing a Police Station and Lines at Talkad, T. Narsipur Taluk.	111.
11.	Reconstructing Vombath Hunse Outpost in the Chamarajnagar Taluk.	95.
12.	Reconstructing Ankansettipur Outpost in the Chamarajnagar Taluk.	90.

13.	Flooring the Police Superintendent's Quarters at Hassan.	Rs 198.
14.	Constructing a first class Police Station at Kolar.	921.
15.	Constructing a Police Station and Lines at Tyalur, Mulbagal Taluk.	1005.
16.	Flooring the 1st class Police Station at Chickballapur.	396.
17.	Reconstructing the Police Station at Buruda -kunta, Sidlaghatta Taluk.	271.
18.	Constructing a Police Station and Lines at Bilchode, Jagalur Taluk.	266.
19.	Improving the Police Station and Lines at Midagesi, Maddagiri Taluk.	1091.
20.	Constructing a Police Station and Lines at Tyamagondlu, Nelamangala Taluk.	2228.
21.	Constructing a Police Station and Lines in the Basavanagudi Extension, Bangalore City	900.
22.	Constructing a Police Station and Lines in the Chamarajpet Extension, Bangalore City.	1835.
23.	Providing for compensation for lands to be acquired for the proposed Central Police Station and the District Superintendent's Office, Fort, Bangalore.	6005.
24.	Converting two of the constable's rooms in the Reserve Police Lines, Bangalore, into a Sheikdar's training class room.	192.
25.	Wire-fencing the compound of the Central Police Station in the Fort, Bangalore.	303.
	Total	Rs 25290/-

REPAIRS.

1.	Repairing the Chief Constable's quarters on the High Ground, Bangalore City.	Rs 349.
2.	Municipal Tax for the Reserve Police Lines & Inspector's quarters in the Fort and Chief Constable's quarters on the High Ground.	25.
3.	Repairing the Police Station at Hulikal, Nagar Taluk.	266.
4.	Repairing the Police Station at Yedur, Nagar Taluk.	131.
5.	Repairing the Police Inspector's quarters at Koppa.	67.
6.	Upkeep of the Eucalyptus plantation around the new Police Station at Mysore.	199.

7.	Repairing the Atgulipura Police Station, Chamarajnagar Taluk.	₹ 371.
8.	Repairing the Punajanur Police Station Chamarajnagar Taluk.	449.
9.	Repairing the Saragoor Police Station, Heggadadevankote Taluk.	165.
10.	Repairing the Reserve Police Lines for the portions occupied by the District Forest Office at Mysore.	154.
11.	Repairing the Police Superintendent's quarters at Hassan.	69.
12.	Repairing the Police Superintendent's quarters on the Kolar Gold Fields.	22.
13.	Repairing the District Police Superintendent's office at Kolar.	545.
	Total	₹ 2768/-

In addition to the above, reapirs to the extent of ₹ 7751/- have been carried out departmentally. The details are as follows:-

1.	Bangalore District.	₹ 1139/-
2.	Kolar District.	1787/-
3.	Tumkur District.	404/-
4.	Mysore District.	1126/-
5.	Hassan District.	656/-
6.	Shimoga District.	928/-
7.	Kadur District.	594/-
8.	Chitaldroog District.	1117/-
	Total	₹ 7751/-

All Superintendents and Assistants have evinced great interest in the proper up-keep and repair of Police Stations in their respective Districts.

30. INTERNAL ORGANIZATION. Statement F gives details of the internal organization of the Police. 328 officers and men were enlisted during the year, against 413 in the year previous. Deaths in the Force numbered 97 officers and men, against 59 of

last

last year.

VACANCIES. The number of vacancies in the grades of officers and men was 32 and 194 against 9 and 124. The largest number of vacancies was in the Districts of Kadur and Chitaldroog and Bangalore City namely 36; with 31 in Hassan. The rates of constables' pay especially in Bangalore City, are not equal to the ordinary cooly wage, and consequently it is difficult to enlist up to full strength.

POLICE LENT TO PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS. 7 officers and 51 men were lent to private individuals on the usual conditions of payment against 6 and 47 last year.

PUNISHMENTS. 2 officers and 129 men were dismissed the service against 6 officers and 128 men; 238 officers and 1855 men were fined, degraded or suspended, against 353 and 1979 respectively in the preceding year. The total amount of fines realized was ₹910-0-9 against 789-2-4 last year.

Most of the punishments were for absence without leave, neglect of duty &c., mainly due to the men particularly in the Cities of Bangalore and Mysore not being located in Government Lines, and being obliged to accommodate themselves in houses distant from their Police Stations. Discipline naturally suffers.

BLACK MARKS. 239 officers and men were awarded black marks against 172 last year.

JUDICIAL PUNISHMENTS. 1 officer and 35 men were tried and convicted as shewn below, against 6 officers and 27 men in 1905-06. The percentage of officers and men convicted judicially was .6 against .5.

Offence	Number convicted
For negligently allowing the escape of prisoners	11
For criminal breach of trust	2
For theft	3
For extortion	4
For being member of an unlawful assembly	1
For attempt at murder	1
For neglect of duty under the Police Rules	14
Total	36.

Deducting escapes, and neglect of duty - both more or less departmental crimes; we have only 11 men convicted, out of total of 6000 men, for offences against the Penal Code. This says much for the general good conduct and orderliness of the whole Force.

REWARDS. 395 officers and men and 81 private individuals were rewarded, against 402 and 75 last year. Details are given below:-

Reward.	1905-06	1906-07.
By money	215	251
By good marks	65	68
By promotion	122	76
Total	402	395

Both the number of persons rewarded and the amount expended on rewards were larger than in 1905-06. The total rewards amounted to Rs1893/- against 1868/- in 1905-06. Rs376/- were paid to private individuals, including the Village Police for their services in the detection of cases. I have been always of opinion that rewards properly distributed act as a strong and healthy incentive to good work, and this opinion is justified by the remarkably good work done this year both by the Regular and the Village Police, more especially in the preventive direction, in the Chitaldroog District.

Out of the total of Rs1893/- spent on rewards the sum of Rs1162/- was met from the budget grant, and Rs731/- received from private parties in appreciation of the services of the Police. To this should be added the sum of Rs775/- expended in rewards in the Kolar Gold Fields Detective Department.

31. PROSECUTING INSPECTORS. The Prosecuting Inspectors in the several Districts conducted the prosecution in 799 cases, of which 483 ended in conviction, and 142 in acquittal or discharge, with 174 cases pending trial at the close of the year. These Inspectors have been doing their duty satisfactorily.

32. THE SPECIAL PROVINCIAL RESERVE. This Special Force had very arduous duties to perform during the year. Detachments were detailed

to

to assist the District Police of all Districts, in keeping order during the dacoity season; they were sent to Mysore in connection with the Dasara and birthday festivities; they were employed for nearly two months at the Artillery Camp at Birasandra, and at the various camps of exercise. A statement showing the number of officers and men and the number of days they were employed with the nature of the duties is hereto appended. Reserve Inspectors Edwards and Searle acquitted themselves most creditably, and maintained strict discipline on all occasions.

Serial No:	Month	Nature of duty	Number of days.	Number employed. Officers	Number employed. Men	Remarks.
1	July 1906	To Pinya for the Mounted Duty class of the Police Training School	8	3	10	
2	September	" Mysore for Dasara	15			
3	October	" - Do -	19	14	97	
4	November	" Tarikere in Connection with the visit of the Hon'ble The British Resident	10	2	12	
5	December	- Do - - Do - - Do -	1			
6	"	" Biasandra in Connection with manoeuvres and R.A. Practice	29.			
	1907			9	69	
7	January	" - Do - - Do - - Do -	13			
8	"	" Doddballapur in Connection with Field Firing	15	10	82	
9	"	" Sringeri in Connection with the visit of His Highness the Maharaja and Dewan	1	3	30	Continued till 3.3.07
10	February	" - Do - - Do - - Do -	28			
11	"	" Yesavantapur in Connection with Field Firing &c	1	4	50	
12	"	" Kankanhalli in Connection with Rifle Volunteers Festival	10	2	18	- Do - Do.
13	"	" Gollakere in Connection with Field Firing	1	4	28	
14	March	" Bhemapatna to prevent riot	3	10	65	
15	"	" Tumkur on dacoity patrol	10	1	10	
16	"	" Shimoga - Do -	10	1	10	
17	"	" Bhitaldrug - Do -	10	1	10	
18	April	" Tumkur, Shimoga & Bhitaldrug on dacoity patrol	30	3	30.	
19	May	" - Do - Do - Do - Do -	23	3	30.	
20	"	" Sringeri in Connection with His Holiness the Jagad Gurus Camp to Sivaganga	10	2	17	
21	"	" Hassan on dacoity patrol	2	1	6	
22	June	" Tumkur - Do -	18	1	10	
23	"	" Shimoga - Do -	19	1	10	
24	"	" Bhitaldrug - Do -	30	2	20	
25	"	" Hassan - Do -	30	1	6	
26	"	" Mysore in Connection with His Highness the Maharaja's Birthday Festivities	11	10	83	
27	"	" Mysore in Connection with His Holiness the Jagad Gurus Camp	14	2	16	

33. INSPECTOR GENERAL'S INSPECTION. I visited every District in the Province and inspected all the Head Quarter Offices except Chitaldroog and Bangalore. I also visited 49 Taluk and Head Stations, and 46 Sub Stations. My itineration, owing to nearly all tours being made by Motor Car, enabled me to visit an unprecedented number of stations and outposts. I travelled nearly 1400 miles by road. (vide statement attached).

Months	District	Taluk	Number of Stations and outposts visited or inspected				Number of miles travelled		Number of days spent out of Head Quarters
			District Office	Head Station	Sub Station	outpost	By road	By rail	
1906									
August to 12th September	Bangalore Mysore	Bangalore, Closepet-Mysore, Hunsur, Bhamaraja nagar, Gundlupet and Nanjangud	1	8	11	2	334	.	16
October (on leave)									
10th November to 8th December	Tumkur, Chitaldrug, Kolar and Bangalore	Sira, Hiriyur, Chellakere, Molkalmuru, Goribidnur, Doddballapur and Tumkur	.	6	12	12	437	.	19
20th to 23rd December	Bangalore & Kolar Gold Fields	Kolar Gold Fields	.	.	.	.	.	53	4
1907 14th to 30th January	Bangalore, Kolar and Kolar Gold Fields	Kolar Gold Fields, Bowringpet, Kolar, Hoskote, Siddapatna, Chintamani, Chickballapur, Devanhalli and Malamaracala	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
9th February to 16th March	Hassan, Tumkur, Kadur and Shimoga	Tumkur, Tiptur, Gubbi, Arsikere, Hassan, Belur, Kadur, Tarikere, Shimoga, Yedahalli, Koppa, Mudgere and Chikmagalur	6	33	22	7	610	172	53
12th to 15th April 23rd to 30th June	Bangalore & Mysore, Mysore	French Rocks.	1	1	.	.	.	172	4
			.	.	.	.	.	86	8
		Total	8	49	46	13	1381	483	104

Summary.

I. (a) The total number of cognizable cases reported during the year 1906-07 was 5520, showing a decrease of 571 cases, which is satisfactory.

(b) Out of 3482 true cases 2226 ended in conviction or 72 per cent.

II. There was one case of serious riot in the Province, which ended in conviction, vide para 4 supra.

III. THE REORGANISATION AND INVESTIGATING CENTRE SCHEMES.

The most important work that I have set myself to perform during the year under report has been the completion of Schemes for the reorganization and redistribution of the Police Forces in the Districts of Tumkur, Hassan, Kadur, Chitaldroog and Kolar and of the Kolar Gold Fields Circle, on lines similar to the scheme which was inaugurated in the Shimoga District nearly 2 years ago. The most essential part of all these schemes is the proper allocation of the Investigating Centres, and the appointment to them of educated and fairly well-paid Jamedars.

I have proposed to raise the total number of Jamedars (viz., the Station House Officers of Investigating Centres) in the Districts above named from 85 to 114; making a proportionate reduction from 342 to 276 in the number of Duffedars.

As regards the constabulary, I have very carefully gone through the distribution in each District, with the District Officers, and have been able to recommend a substantial strengthening of all District Reserves, by reducing the number of men employed in the various Sub Stations and Outposts. My proposals are the outcome of 3 years close study of the local requirements, and are made after I have personally inspected and visited every District several times. The total extra cost involved will be more than covered by savings accruing during the current year in the Police Budget.

These

These schemes are not so complete or elaborate as I could have wished, keeping in view the recommendations of the Police Commission, but they are a decided advance in the right direction and are adapted to the needs of the State. They deal in thousands, while the parallel schemes in British India deal in lakhs of rupees. They are less ambitious and certainly less expensive, as I have endeavoured as far as possible to cut my coat according to the cloth, and not to burden the State with other than absolutely necessary expenditure.

The only two Districts for which final reorganization schemes have not yet been submitted, are Bangalore and Mysore, including their respective Cities. The proposals are virtually ready, but as they involve a considerable increase in cost I thought it inadvisable to send them up with the other District Schemes, which have been worked out on such economical lines as not to exceed the present Budget allotments.

An increase in the pay and strength of the Bangalore City constabulary cannot however be postponed indefinitely. The cost of living, and the proportionate rise in wages in the City, not to mention the fact that the pay all round of the Cantonment Police has lately been substantially increased, makes enlistment of suitable recruits more difficult every day, and the returns show that the City Force is much below its sanctioned strength at present. The numerous extensions in the City also require extra Police, which cannot be supplied from the existing establishment.

IV. REVISION OF CRIMINAL REGISTERS. As will be seen in para 14 of my Report, a revision of criminal registers of gangs and K.Ds., has been fairly set on foot by the employment of Gang Inspectors specially sanctioned for this work by Government. Their work is of very great importance and if properly carried out will give us very valuable "data" on which future registers can be written up and a better system of surveillance of criminals taken in hand.

V. CONFERENCES. As mentioned in para 14 supra several Conferences were arranged during the year. I look on these particularly useful, giving as they do opportunity for officers to meet together, and exchange information.

VI. TRAINING OF OFFICERS. Special attention has been called to the work of the Police Training School, as I desired to make it plain to Government that very excellent work has been done in the past, and during the last few years, towards the better training of officers for the arduous and onerous duties which they are called on to perform.

VII. WORK OF DISTRICT OFFICERS. I have in the body of the report noted the good work done by several officers of the Department; but I desire to mention in particular the excellent work done by Mr. Ramaswamiah, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Chitaldroog, who, during the last 6 months, has not spared himself or his subordinates, and has by his vigilance and perseverance prevented a very serious outbreak of dacoity in his District, by arresting some, and keeping under strict surveillance several other criminal gangs which had made inroads into the District from the surrounding British Territory.

As regards the other District officers, Mr. Wilkinson has shewn himself an able detective in several important crimes which have occurred in the Kadur District.

Mr. Krishna Rao has administered the Bangalore District with his usual ability, and has brought to book a very large number of criminal gangs and bad characters.

Mr. Narain Rao in Hassan, although a new officer in the Department, has been most energetic; and has kept his trouble-some District in good order; and I am thankful to say that during this year, there have been no serious gun-shot murders, for which the District was so notorious during previous years.

Mr. Zahiruddin Meccai had a some-what trying year in Mysore, several sensational cases taking him away from his more

legitimate

legitimate duties and giving him much extra work.

The Kolar District has been peculiarly lucky as regards crime, and has been well administered by Mr. Viswanatha Rao.

The District of Tumkur again heads the list as regards good detection, which seeing that it is one of the largest and most important Districts in the State, reflects great credit on Mr. Krishnamurti, the Superintendent.

Shimoga, under the Superintendence of Mr. Ranoji Rao, has fortunately escaped any serious out-breaks of crime.

Mr. Thomas continued to administer the Gold Fields Circle with exceptional tact and ability.

VIII. GENERAL IMPROVEMENT. In the matter of the better investigation of crime, the closer surveillance of criminal gangs, the more systematic inspection of stations, and in the general discipline of the Force, there has been a very decided and encouraging improvement in the year under report, and District Officers have clearly understood their personal responsibility for the well-being of their respective Districts.

IX. The work of the Chief Office has continued to give me satisfaction, under the constant personal supervision of Mr. Nadig Subba Rao, my able and hard-working Assistant. The work in the Criminal Intelligence Department, and Finger Print Bureau, has got beyond the powers of the present establishment to deal with, and I shall have to go up to Government shortly for an increase. The work of the Manager Mr. Srinivasiengar, and of Inspector Bhimasena Rao of the Finger Print Bureau, has been steady and good throughout the year; as also has been the work of the Stores establishment, which has a considerable responsibility, in clothing and equipping the 6000 officers and men of the Department.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Inspector General of Police.

Appendix. A.

ct	Name of Officer	Period	
		From	To
Bore	Mr. L. Krishna Rao	1st July 1906	25th October 1906.
	" G. B. Heblikar, B.A., L.L.B.	26th October 1906	25th November 1906.
	" L. Krishna Rao	26th November 1906	30th June 1907.
Kolar	" A Vedantadesigam Iyengar	1st July 1906	19th September 1906
	" Mr. P. Viswanatha Rao	20th September 1906	30th June 1907.
Tumkur	" G. V. Krishnamurti, B.A.	The whole year.	
Mysore	" Md. Zahiruddin Moccai, B.A.	The whole year.	
French Rocks	" A. G. Basavaraj Urs	The whole year.	
Hassan	" S. Narayana Rao	The whole year	
Shimoga	" B S. Ramoji Rao, B.A.	The whole year.	
Kadur	" J. F. Wilkinson	The whole year.	
Chitaldrug	" B. Ramaswamaiya, B.A.	The whole year.	
Kolar Gold Fields	" R. J. Mr. Shayne	1st July 1906	16th December 1906.
	" P. B Thomas.	17th December 1906	30th June 1907

G.R.S. 26]

Police
File No. 78
Serial No. 2

Diary No. of letter replied to 937

No. J. 1115

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

, *the* 190 .

Date of issue 3-10-07

Signed by Mr K Mylar Rao

To The Supdt., Govt. Press,
Bangalore

Sir,

I am directed to forward herewith a copy of the Administration Report of the Police Dept. for the year 1906-1907 with statements A to G annexed thereto and to request that the same may be caused to be printed and kept ready for being bound with the Govt. Review thereof which will be forwarded later on ~~to you~~ in due course.

I have &c

Sd/ over.

for Secretary

SUBJECT.

SN 2/10/07

Copying 3/10
Sd/ 3/10/07

FROM

The Inspector-General of
Police in Mysore.

To

The Secretary to the Govt. of H. H.
the Maharaja of Mysore,
Gen. & Rec. Depts.

Dated 6"

Despatched 6" December 1907

Received

General No. 3843
No. 345

Enclosure No. 2

Requests that a paragraph & a statement may be added to the concluding portion of the Administrate Report for 1906-1907.

GPB—1,000—3-1-07

No. 3843 / 345 Gen 2

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE IN MYSORE,

Dated Bangalore, 16th December *1907.*

FROM

F. E. C. CARR, Esq.,
Inspector-General of Police in Mysore.

To C. S. Balasundaram Iyer Esq., B.A.,
~~K. S. CHANDRASEKHARA AIYAR, Esq., B.A.,~~
Offg. *Secretary to the Government of H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore,*
General and Revenue Departments.

SIR

Reference:-

This office letter No. 2266/227 dated 30th September 1907 forwarding the Police Administration Report for the year 1906-07.

I have the honour to state that to the concluding portion of the Report, I have added a paragraph with a statement, herein enclosed, regarding the position of the Mysore Police in the matter of education, incidence of crime to population &c as compared with other Provinces and Presidencies in India.

I request that you will be so good as to embody this in my Administration Report.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Inspector General of Police.

X. A glance at Appendix B will show clearly that as compared with other Provinces in India, the Mysore Police stand second in the matter of education, and that as regards incidence of crime to population, Mysore is the least criminal Province in India.

Inspector General of Police.

Serial Number	Name of Province or Presidency	Area in Square miles	Population	Number of Police officers and men	Proportion of Police to area
1	Mysore (1906-07)	29,820	5,449,800	6,007	1 to 4·9 sq miles
2	Madras (1902)	141,189	35,581,151	23,345	1 to 6
3	Central Provinces (1904)	104,168	12,630,662	11,559	1 to 9
4	North West Frontier Provinces (1905)	13,688	2,050,724	3,195	1 to 4·2
5	Punjab (1906)	97,209	20,330,339	20,289	1 to 4·7
6	Bengal (1906)	110,100	49,874,201	21,413	1 to 5·1
7	United Provinces (1906)	107,164	47,691,782	35,716	1 to 3
8	Bombay (1902)	124,666	17,737,671	22,308	1 to 5·5

Bangalore.
5th December 1907.

Proportion of Police to population.	Total crime reported.	Total number of Police men judicially punished.	Percentage of men judicially punished.	Proportion of reported crime to population.	Percentage of Police educated or literate	
					Officers	men.
1 to 907	5,520	22	.3	1 to 987	99.5	49.4
1 to 1524	42,235	241	1.03	1 to 842	99.3	85.7
1 to 1092	17,433	105	.9	1 to 724	96.7	45.1
1 to 641	5,162	31	.9	1 to 397	93.6	22.9
1 to 1002	49,240	75	.3	1 to 412	93.3	30.1
1 to 2329	109,669	190	.8	1 to 454	91.6	32.3
1 to 1335	170,655	77	.2	1 to 279	81.5	21.1
1 to 795	32,093	139	.6	1 to 552	71.7	46.2

Inspector General of Police.

Diary No. of letter replied to _____

No. J. 1777
Revd. 2

General and Revenue Secretariat
( )
, *the* 190

Date of issue 11-12-07

Signed by Mr K. Mylar Rao

To The Supdt. Govt. Press
Bangalore

Sir,

In forwarding herewith a copy of para X noted by the D. G. of Police to the Summary of the Police Administration Report for 1906-07 together with a copy of a statement received from the same officer, I am directed to request that the same may be, ~~provided~~ printed at the end of the Report already sent to you for ~~being printed~~.

Insert in their proper places in the Report already sent to you with this office letter No. J 1115 dated the 3rd October 1907.

I have &c

R. G.
G.R.S.

SUBJECT.

for Secretary

Fair draft 55

File no. 78
Sl no. 5

Read:-

Letter No.2266/227 dated the 30t September 1907 from the Inspector General Police in Mysore submitting the annual Administration Report of the Police Departme for the year 1906-07.

Order thereon No T.1940-48 Police 78-07-5 dt:

The report is very interesting and presents the results of the year's work in a ~~very~~ clear & intelligent form.

2. Mr.F.E.C.Carr was the Inspector General of Police throughout the year except from the 6th to the 28th October 19 when Mr.H.H.Sparkes officiated for him.

Strength.

3.) There was an increase of three men in the sanctioned strength of the Regular Police Force during the year under review which stood as follows.

Inspector General of Police...	1
District & Assistant Dist. Superintendents of Police..	15
Inspectors...	112
Head Constables....	760
Foot Constables....	5119
Total...	6009.

Education.

¶ 31-32

All the officers of and above the rank of Jamedar, almost all the Daffedars and nearly half the number of men in the Force were literate. The Head Quarter Police Training School is reported to have worked satisfactorily during the year. The Inspector General will make a separate reference regarding his proposal to build a hostel for the convenience of ~~wherein~~ the students of the school ~~may be conveniently accommodated.~~

Discipline.

¶ 41

The number of black marks awarded during the year rose from 172 to 239 while that of other departmental punishments fell from 2466 to 2224. The number of Police -- officers and men subjected to judicial -- punishments during the year amounted to 36 as against 33 in the previous year.

Village Police.

¶ 25

The Village Police arrested 76 persons as against 112 in the preceding year. In the Haidan Districts, they are reported to have done very good work in the tracing and surveillance of wandering gangs. The absence

of

of Totis and Talaries in Malnad villages is a serious drawback to Police work as remark-ed by the Inspector General.

Cognizable crimes.

The number of cognizable cases reported during the year was 5520 as against 6091 in 1905-06 showing an appreciable decrease of 571 cases. The decrease was under all classes of offences except that of minor offences against the person. Including the cases pending at the beginning of the year, the total number of ~~[illegible]~~ cognizable -- cases dealt with by the Police during the year was 9249. Of these 35 were transferred to the British Police and the Mysore Military Department and 158 were refused investi-gation, one was struck off owing to the death of the accused, 1500 were referred to magistrates on B.Form, 794 ~~was~~ were returned as undetectable, 3091 were sent up to Magistrates with charge sheets and the remaining 3670 were pending at the close of the year. The percentage of cases convicted to cases cases decided was 73.5 as against 75.5 in

Preventive action.

¶ 21-24

Action was taken under the preventive sections of the Criminal Procedure Code against 145 persons of whom 59 were bound over for good behaviour, 55 were discharged, 7 were released by the Police and the cases against the remaining 24 were pending before the Magistracy. For the better enforcement of this provision nearly all the 1st class Magistrates have been empowered to take action under section 565 of the Criminal Procedure Code. Steps have also been taken -- with a view to improve the system of surveillance and registration of criminal gangs and suspicious characters. The introduction of the Investigation Centre scheme now in force in the Shimoga District to some other Districts of the State is engaging the attention of Government.

Organised crime.

¶ 11

There were 23 cases of dacoity and 45 cases of robbery as against 37 and 66 respectively during the last year. Government note with satisfaction this decrease in the number of cases of daring organised crime,

crime, reported to be due to the effective preventive measures adopted by District officers in the border Districts of the State, one of which viz: the system of jungle beats is said to have resulted in the capture of several dangerous dacoits and in effectually scaring away many dangerous gangs.

Investigation of heinous offences.

¶ 26-27

It is gratifying to note that Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents took a personal part in the investigation of all heinous cases reported during the year. The number of cases investigated by the Amildars was 58.

Sessions cases.

¶ 20-21

Out of 114 cases committed to the Sessions 69 ended in conviction, 37 in acquittal or discharge, and 8 were -- pending at the end of the year, the percentage of convictions to cases tried being 50.7

Previous convictions.

Of the total number of persons convicted for offences under chapters XII and XVII of the I.P.C, previous convictions were proved against 195 persons as compared with 183 in the previous year. It is satisfactory

satisfactory to note that the Finger Print Bureau has materially ~~assisted~~ been of help in preventive and detective work and made good progress during the year. Government join with the Inspector General in the hope that with the growing efficiency of the Bureau better results will be secured in future.

Recovery of stolen property.

The percentage of property recovered to that lost was 35.6 as against 38.3 in the previous year. The fall in the percentage is accounted for by the small amount of property recovered in a case of criminal breach of trust in the Bangalore Central College and also in a case of theft in the Medical Stores, Bangalore, the amount of property lost in both cases being nearly Rs. 14000.

The Arms Regulation.

The total number of licenses issued under the Mysore Arms Regulation was 12,847 against 13,041 during the preceding year. Of the 52 persons prosecuted 44 were convicted and 4 acquitted and the cases against the other 4 were pending at the end of

of the year. A census of firearms was taken in the malnad and semi malnad taluks of the Districts of Mysore, Shimoga, Kadur and Hassan during November 1906 with a view to ensure accurate registration of fire-arms in those tracts.

Inspection work.

W. 4436

Mr.Carr, the Inspector General toured during the year for nearly 3½ months and visited all the Head Quarter offices except Chitaldrug and Bangalore and 49 Head Stations and 46 Sub Stations. Out of 652 Head Stations, substations and out posts in the State, 604 were inspected by Superintendents or Assistant Superintendents of Police and 89 visited by Deputy Commissioners, only 3 substations being left uninspected. The inspection work done is very satisfactory ~~Government are glad that the work of inspection has been so complete.~~

The total cost of the Department including the share of the land revenue -- charges debitable to the Police Budget together with the cost of the Detective Establishment, Kolar Gold Fields and the Railway

Police

Police amounted to Rs.986,830 as against 992,163 in the previous year showing a decrease of Rs.5,333.

Government desire to acknowledge the good work done by the Police during the year under the able management of Mr.Carr and trust that the steady progress will be maintained

The report presents the results of the past years work in a clear intelligible form & is interesting reading.

Offg.Secretary.

To

The Inspector General of Police in Mysore.

Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

G.R.S. 26] AV

Police
File No. 78
Serial No. 6

Diary No. of letter replied to J 1528

No. J. 1987

General and Revenue Secretariat
( )
, *the* 190

To

The Supdt. Govt. Press
Bangalore

Has the honor to request that the Police Administration Report for the year 1906-07 may be caused to be issued with the reviews thereon and the prescribed number of copies forwarded to this office at an early date.

By Order

[illegible]
for Secretary

Date of issue 6-1-08

Signed by Mark. Mylarrao

250

SUBJECT.

[illegible] 4/1/08
[illegible] SW 4/1/08

MYSORE GOVERNMENT PRESS. J 1842

Price 18/1 To Secretary to the Govt of Mysore Invoice No. 688.
The Govt Gen. Dept:
Bangalore The 18- 1 - 190

ndent or Press Register No.	Description	Number of copies, etc.	Number of packets	Acknowledgment
1768	Vol. Inv. of 1862 Police of 19-12-07			
	Annual Return Report of the Police Dept. for the official year 1906-07. with the Govt Order thereon.	3 Vols. 4 Pkts.		
	6 Copies sent to the D. G. of Police in Mysore.			

It is requested that this Invoice may be receipted and returned as early as possible.

Despatcher.

Manager

G.R.S. 26]

Police
File No. 78
Serial No. 8

Diary No. of letter replied to

No. J. 2211
Enc. 1 packet

General and Revenue Secretariat
( )
, *the* 190

To The D. G. of Police in Mysore

Date of issue 22-1-08

Signed by Mr K. Mylarrao

Has the honor to forward herewith 144 copies of the Police Administration Report for the year 1906-07 with Govt. Review thereon for distribution in addition to the 101 copies already reported to have already been sent to him from the Govt. Press

By Order
Illegible
for Secy

B.G.
21.1.08

over.

SUBJECT.

Received 24/1/08

Police

G.R.S. 26]

File No. 78

Serial No. 9

Diary No. of letter replied to ___

Pol: No. 593

Secs: 6.

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

, the 190

To The First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore

Date of issue 22-1-08

Sir,

Signed by Mr. C.S. Balasundaram

I am directed to forward herewith for information 6 copies of the Police Administration Report for the year 1906-07 with the ~~Dispatch~~ Review thereon.

I have &c

for Secretary

B.G. 20-1-08.

SUBJECT.

'lice

F.R.S. 26]

ile No.7

Serial No.6

)iary No. of letter replied to

No. ~~I 2211~~

Encs 1 each

Jeneral and Revenue Secretariat

( )

, the 190-

No. I 2212 dy 22-1-08
Police 78-07-10

No. I 2213 d 22-1-08
Police 78-07-10

Date of issue

Signed by

No. I 2214 d 22-1-08
Police 78-07-10

To

(1) The Chief Secy. to the
Govt of Bengal.

(2) The Chief Secy to the Govt
of Madras.

(3) The Secy. to the Chief
Comr, Central Provin

Sir,

I am directed to
forward herewith ~~for~~
~~information~~ a copy
of the Annual Admin
-istration Report of the
Police Dept of the Stat
for the year 1906-07
with the Govt. Review
thereon.

I have &c

for Secretar

B.G.
21.1.08

SUBJECT.

4 drafts 68

G.R.S. 26]

Police
File No. 78
Serial No. 11

Diary No. of letter replied to _____

No. J. 2215
Encs. 2

General and Revenue Secretariat
( )
, *the* 190

To
The Secy. to the Govt. of
Eastern Bengal & Assam in the
Genl & Jud. Dept.

Date of issue 22-1-08

Signed by M. M. Myles Rao

Sir,

I am directed to forward herewith ~~for information~~ 2 Copies of the Annual Administration Report of the Police Dept. of the State for the year 1906-07 with the Govt. Review thereon.

I have &c
MM
For Secretary

B.G. SW 20.1.08. 20/1/08

over.

SUBJECT.

Mysore 21/1 Sec SW